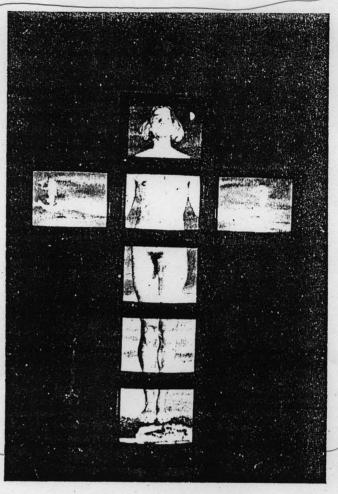
to the space when the coast was clear - perhaps e also was suffering from 'Slade-fatigue'. obertshaw tells us that he works within psychiric and special care issues, in order to underand the complex histories of such institutions nd the views represented by the hierarchy of edicine. He has been inspired by leremy entham who in 1975 devised an architectural echanism named the Panopticon. This was a rcular building with cells at the periphery and a intral viewing tower from which the building as kept under surveillance. He refers to the ductionist view evident in Eugenics and the phisophy of DNA; that we are composed of small ements making up the larger picture; that such a lief negates any intrusion by consciousness, ivironment, culture or even history; and that is split between nature and nurture remains edominant in biology and science. On the her hand, it really lent itself to creating your vn small interactive performance piece - as was

ie one piece in the whole festival which made actually want to inhabit its world in a Virtual y-was City of Angels by Catherine Ikam. ductive computer-generated faces, or rather, isks floated, twitched, turned in metallic blue. igenta and silvery light across eight monitors ed up across the floor. Like a governor overeing their movements, a large video-projected rsion floated above them on the wall behind. ain, the clever trick with the luminosity of the onitors. In this case blinding you to the fact it there is a wall at all, giving the projected face imposing and eery solidity. 'Today', Ikam tes, 'intermediate' or synthesised beings and tual environments interfere more and more th reality. City of Angels is a creative taphor for these new sensory spaces scribed by SF writers like Phillip K Dick and illiam Gibson. It goes back to the ancient belief the existence of a City of Angels (a society ganised by messengers mediating between gods I men), which is present in religions throught the world'.

e Open Eye Gallery presented two pieces. hard Wright's Corpus offers us the opportunition perform 'video-surgery' on the integrity of computer simulated figure which 'swings' oss four monitors. I was childishly disappoint to find that this wasn't anything to do with the nechnology of touch-sensitive screens but re about heaving huge boxes on castors conting up-ended monitors across a large circular e. A kind of four piece jigsaw.

reography between two robots (the kind that ce cars) each holding a video projector. Ever slowly, they twist and turn on their pedestals, owing images onto the floor, ceiling and walls.



The Suffering. Lei Cox. (Bluecoat Gallery)

The images are heavy with substance and yet free from the restraints of gravitational pull. As you follow them like a hypnotised snake you begin to lose your own sense of gravity and connect with the title of the piece. When the robots simultaneously accelerate then come to an abrupt stop, pinning you to the wall in a blue or orange haze, you can't help but take it personally. But you can always concentrate on the matching image opposite and pretend you haven't noticed.

At the Bluecoat Gallery Lei Cox presents 'The Sufferance'. A striking seven monitor, seven tape piece in the form of a cross. In this modern crucifixion the figure flickers between genders at high speed. Instead of being nailed to a cross, however, his/her palms are turned upwards. On the right hand, a female figure, and on the left hand, a male version, each rotating, each with an outstretched hand holding a figure of the opposite gender, which is rotating... ad infinitum. Using paintbox montage techniques and two live models Cox says his work is like 'vacuuming'. 'You pick up hundreds of frames of the model, empty the bag and chose the exact picture sequence'. He likens his work to painting or photomontage, and refers to classical painters such as Rembrandt, Michelangelo, Leonardo da Vinci and Poussin.

Video Positive: Britain's International Festival of Creative Video and Electronic Media Art